

## Fine tuning the microenvironment of $[\text{EuW}_{10}\text{O}_{36}]^{9-}$ anion leads to the large enhancement of the red light luminescence

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### Abstract

The polyoxometalate (POM) anion of europium (III) decatungstate  $[\text{EuW}_{10}\text{O}_{36}]^{9-}$  exhibits great luminescence quantum yields of approximately 67% but suffers reduced red light emissions that are due to the low  ${}^5\text{D}_0 \rightarrow {}^7\text{F}_2$  transmissions. Fine tuning the microenvironment around  $[\text{EuW}_{10}\text{O}_{36}]^{9-}$  anion through intercalation into different compositions of layered double hydroxides (LDHs) materials, greatly enhances the  ${}^5\text{D}_0 \rightarrow {}^7\text{F}_2$  transmissions. The positive nanosheets in LDHs provide a conducive microenvironment for strong transitions of  ${}^5\text{D}_0 \rightarrow {}^7\text{F}_2$  to occur. The ratio  $I({}^5\text{D}_0 \rightarrow {}^7\text{F}_2)/I({}^5\text{D}_0 \rightarrow {}^7\text{F}_1)$  for the observed intensities vary from 0.44 for  $[\text{EuW}_{10}\text{O}_{36}]^{9-}$  ion to 14.08, 6.20, 1.75 and 1.59 in  $\text{Mg}_2\text{Al-EuW}_{10}\text{O}_{36}$ ,  $\text{LYbH-EuW}_{10}\text{O}_{36}$ ,  $\text{Zn}_2\text{Al-EuW}_{10}\text{O}_{36}$  and  $\text{LEuH-EuW}_{10}\text{O}_{36}$  materials respectively ( $\text{Mg}_2\text{Al}$  = magnesium aluminum LDHs,  $\text{Zn}_2\text{Al}$  = Zinc aluminum LDHs,  $\text{LYbH}$  = layered ytterbium hydroxide LDHs, and  $\text{LEuH}$  = layered europium hydroxide LDHs). As such, these materials can find a wide application in processes that require the red light luminescence

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